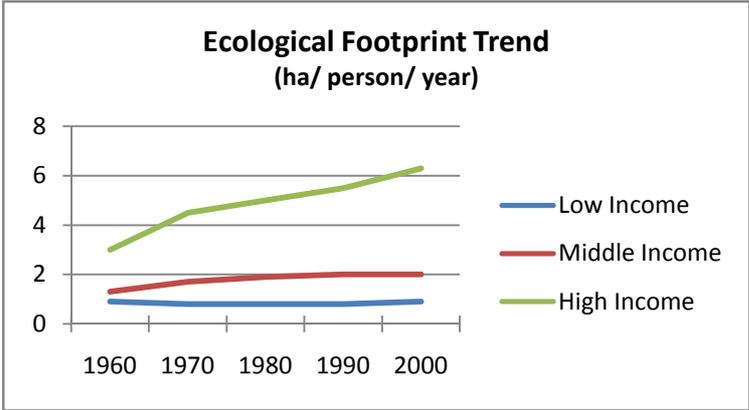
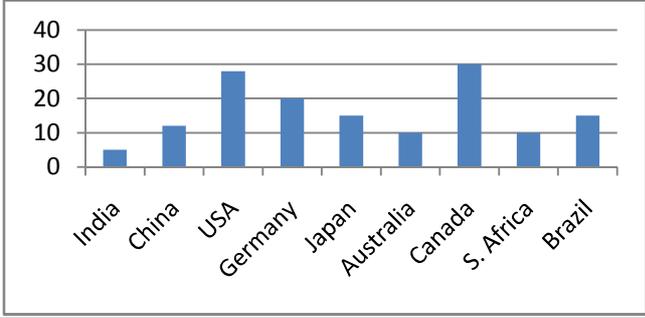


Sustainable consumption-production metering needed for global posterity

Dr. Utkarsh Ghate, 2014

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Results of Study for Ministry of Environment & Forests, Govt. of India & UNDP (United Nations Development Program, www.undp.org.in)

<u>Rising Global Consumption</u>																									
<p data-bbox="395 622 743 689">Ecological Footprint Trend (ha/ person/ year)</p>  <table border="1" data-bbox="194 600 943 1010"> <caption>Ecological Footprint Trend (ha/person/year)</caption> <thead> <tr> <th>Year</th> <th>Low Income</th> <th>Middle Income</th> <th>High Income</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1960</td> <td>1.0</td> <td>1.5</td> <td>3.5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1970</td> <td>1.0</td> <td>1.8</td> <td>4.5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1980</td> <td>1.0</td> <td>1.9</td> <td>5.0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1990</td> <td>1.0</td> <td>2.0</td> <td>5.5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2000</td> <td>1.5</td> <td>2.0</td> <td>6.5</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Year	Low Income	Middle Income	High Income	1960	1.0	1.5	3.5	1970	1.0	1.8	4.5	1980	1.0	1.9	5.0	1990	1.0	2.0	5.5	2000	1.5	2.0	6.5	<p data-bbox="1043 566 1401 1025">The global ecological footprint (i.e. land needed to produce resources & absorb emissions) is rising fast. It exceeds 6 ha per head in industrial countries while 30% of it in the developing ones (2 ha), but just 15% in poor ones (1 ha). This analysis by the World Wide Fund for Nature (WWF, 2010)</p>
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<p data-bbox="194 1093 632 1552">As the countries consume more per head, resource depletion, especially non-renewable type & the pollution increases. Thus, it is necessary for nations to put quantitative & qualitative (clean technology) restraints on per capita & total consumption. Otherwise, global trade will increase as national resources exhaust but this could enhance Global emissions further.</p>	<p data-bbox="887 1055 1177 1088"><u>Meter- Label Systems</u></p> <p data-bbox="699 1133 1366 1200">India's material consumption rate & other nations (t/head/ yr)</p>  <table border="1" data-bbox="708 1245 1353 1563"> <caption>India's material consumption rate & other nations (t/head/yr)</caption> <thead> <tr> <th>Nation</th> <th>Material Consumption Rate (t/head/yr)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>India</td> <td>5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>China</td> <td>12</td> </tr> <tr> <td>USA</td> <td>28</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Germany</td> <td>20</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Japan</td> <td>15</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Australia</td> <td>10</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Canada</td> <td>30</td> </tr> <tr> <td>S. Africa</td> <td>10</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Brazil</td> <td>15</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Nation	Material Consumption Rate (t/head/yr)	India	5	China	12	USA	28	Germany	20	Japan	15	Australia	10	Canada	30	S. Africa	10	Brazil	15				
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<p data-bbox="416 1653 616 1686"><u>National Issues</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Bio-economy- More bio-goods needed b) Organic food, fair trade labeling c) Green/ 0-waste buildings/ goods d) Low/ clean transport/ industry 	<p data-bbox="959 1693 1214 1727"><u>International Issues</u></p> <p>Cap & Trade system_e.g. carbon credit</p> <p>Subsidy- cause inefficiency e.g. Fuel</p> <p>Wastage- Per person level, recycling %</p> <p>Import-Export- <u>clean & green</u></p>																								